

Instructions for Authors 2022

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AR provides for the prompt print and online publication of accepted articles, generally within 1-2 months from final acceptance. Manuscripts will be accepted on the understanding that they report original unpublished works in the field of cancer research that are not under consideration for publication by another journal, and that they will not be published again in the same form. All authors should sign a submission letter confirming the approval of their article contents. All material submitted to AR will be subject to peer-review, when appropriate, by two members of the Editorial Board and by one suitable outside referee. All manuscripts submitted to AR are urgently treated with absolute confidence, with access restricted to the Managing Editor, the journal’s secretary, the reviewers and the printers. The Editors reserve the right to improve manuscripts on grammar and style.

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References. Authors must assume responsibility for the accuracy of the references used. Citations for the reference sections of submitted works should follow the form below and must be numbered consecutively. In the text, references should be cited by number in parenthesis. Examples: 1 Kenyon J, Liu W and Dalgleish A: Report of objective clinical responses of cancer patients to pharmaceutical-grade synthetic cannabidiol. *Anticancer Res* 38(10): 5831-5835, 2018. PMID: 30275207. DOI: 10.21873/anticancer.12924 (PMIDs and DOIs only if applicable). 2 McGuire WL and Chamnes GC: Studies on the oestrogen receptor in breast cancer. In: *Receptors for Reproductive Hormones*. O' Malley BW, Chamnes GC (eds.). New York, Plenum Publ Corp., pp 113-136, 1973. 3 Global Health Estimates 2015: Disease Burden by Cause, Age, Sex, by Country and by Region, 2000-2015. Geneva, World Health Organisation, 2016. Available at: http://www.who.int/healthinfo/global_burden_disease/estimates/en/index2.html [Last accessed on April 3, 2018]. (The web address should link directly to the cited information and not to a generic webpage).

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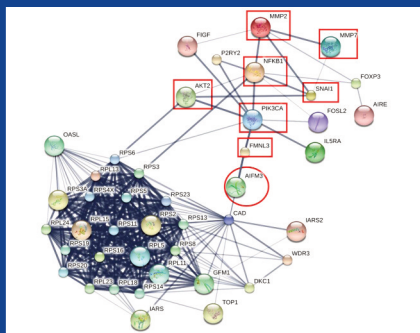
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General Policy

- **CANCER GENOMICS & PROTEOMICS (CGP)** welcomes submissions of original high quality articles and reviews on all aspects of the application of genomic and proteomic technologies to experimental and clinical cancer research. The journal's scientific spectrum includes: (a) molecular causes of carcinogenesis, cancer progression and metastasis; (b) structural and functional aspects of genes in the cancer cell; (c) advances in genomic and proteomic technologies applicable to cancer research; (d) anticancer drug design and drug development. A main aim of CGP is to ensure the prompt and confidential review, and rapid publication of original works and reviews, generally within 1-3 months from submission.
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● Selection of Recent Articles

CRY1 Regulates Chemoresistance in Association With *NANOG* by Inhibiting Apoptosis via *STAT3* Pathway in Patients With Cervical Cancer. G.H. HAN, J. KIM, H. YUN, H. CHO, J.-Y. CHUNG, J.-H. KIM, S.M. HEWITT (Seoul, Republic of Korea; New York, NY; Bethesda, MD, USA)

Profiling of Serum Extracellular Vesicles Reveals *miRNA-4525* as a Potential Biomarker for Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma.

Y. MURAMATSU-MAEKAWA, K. KAWAKAMI, Y. FUJITA, M. TAKAI, D. KATO, K. NAKANE, T. KATO, T. TSUCHIYA, T. KOIE, Y. MIURA, M. ITO, K. MIZUTANI (Gifu; Tokyo, Japan)

Novel Contribution of Long Non-coding RNA *MEG3* Genotype to Prediction of Childhood Leukemia Risk. J.-S. PEI, W.-S. CHANG, I C.-C. CHEN, M.-C. MONG, S.-W. HSU, P.-C. HSU, Y.-N. HSU, Y.-C. WANG, C.-W. TSAI, D.-T. BAU (Taoyuan; Taichung, Taiwan, ROC)

Artesunate-induced Cellular Effects Are Mediated by Specific EPH Receptors and Ephrin Ligands in Breast Carcinoma Cells. T. ZADEH, M. LUCERO, R.P. KANDPAL (Pomona, CA, USA)

MicroRNAs Involved in Small-cell Lung Cancer as Possible Agents for Treatment and Identification of New Targets. U.H. WEIDLE, A. NOPORA (Penzberg, Germany)

Fusion of the Paired Box 3 (*PAX3*) and Myocardin (*MYOCD*) Genes in Pediatric Rhabdomyosarcoma. I. PANAGOPOULOS, L. GORUNOVA, K. ANDERSEN, M. LUND-IVERSEN, S. TAFJORD, F. MICCI, S. HEIM (Oslo, Norway)

Delayed MRI Enhancement of Colorectal Cancer Liver Metastases Is Associated With Metastatic Mutational Profile. A. SETH, Y. AMEMIYA, H. CHEUNG, E. HSIEH, C. LAW, L. MILOT (Toronto, ON, Canada)

Genetic Analysis in Anal and Cervical Cancer: Exploratory Findings About Radioresistance in the ProfILER Database. E. ROWINSKI, N. MAGNE, W. BOULEFTOUR, P. MORENO-ACOSTA, C. DE LA FOURCHADIERE, I. RAY-COQUARD, Q. WANG, J.-Y. BLAY, O. TREDAN (Saint-Priest-en-Jarez; Lyon, France; Bogota, Colombia)

Cancer-associated Fibroblast-derived Spondin-2 Promotes Motility of Gastric Cancer Cells. S. KURAMITSU, T. MASUDA, Q. HU, T. TOBO, M. YASHIRO, A. FUJII, A. KITAGAWA, T. ABE, H. OTSU, S. ITO, E. OKI, M. MORI, K. MIMORI (Beppu; Fukuoka; Osaka, Japan)

OIP5-AS1 Promotes Proliferation of Non-small-cell Lung Cancer and Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma Cells. Y. KOTAKE, N. MATSUNAGA, T. WAKASAKI, R. OKADA (Fukuoka, Japan)

Clear Cell Renal Carcinoma: MicroRNAs With Efficacy in Preclinical *In Vivo* Models. U.H. WEIDLE, A. NOPORA (Penzberg, Germany)

Metabolic Response to the Mitochondrial Toxin 1-Methyl-4-phenylpyridinium (MPP+) in LDH-A/B Double-knockout LS174T Colon Cancer Cells. N. MACK, E. MAZZIO, R. BADISA, K.F.A. SOLIMAN (Tallahassee, FL, USA)

Salivary *CCL20* Level as a Biomarker for Oral Squamous Cell Carcinoma. S. UEDA, M. GOTO, K. HASHIMOTO, S. HASEGAWA, M. IMAZAWA, M. TAKAHASHI, I. OH-IWA, K. SHIMOZATO, T. NAGAO, S. NOMOTO (Nagoya, Japan)

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